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Reimagining care

To Improve Access

Idaho Conference May 23, 2024 June 4 & 6, 2024

a **¬PG Forsta** company



Learning objectives

- **Describe** how we can reimagine access to care to improve quality and patient experience
- **Define** the different levers that can be used to get different outcomes
- Identify how setting expectations can support access to both PCP and specialty care
- Define interventions that promote access beyond the traditional face to face appointments

Reimaging Care

Current State

Future State

Finances based on volumes

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Workday organized around a schedule

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Patients needs must fit within a predetermined time frame



Providers' time set limits on patient care



Finances based on health plan membership and outcomes



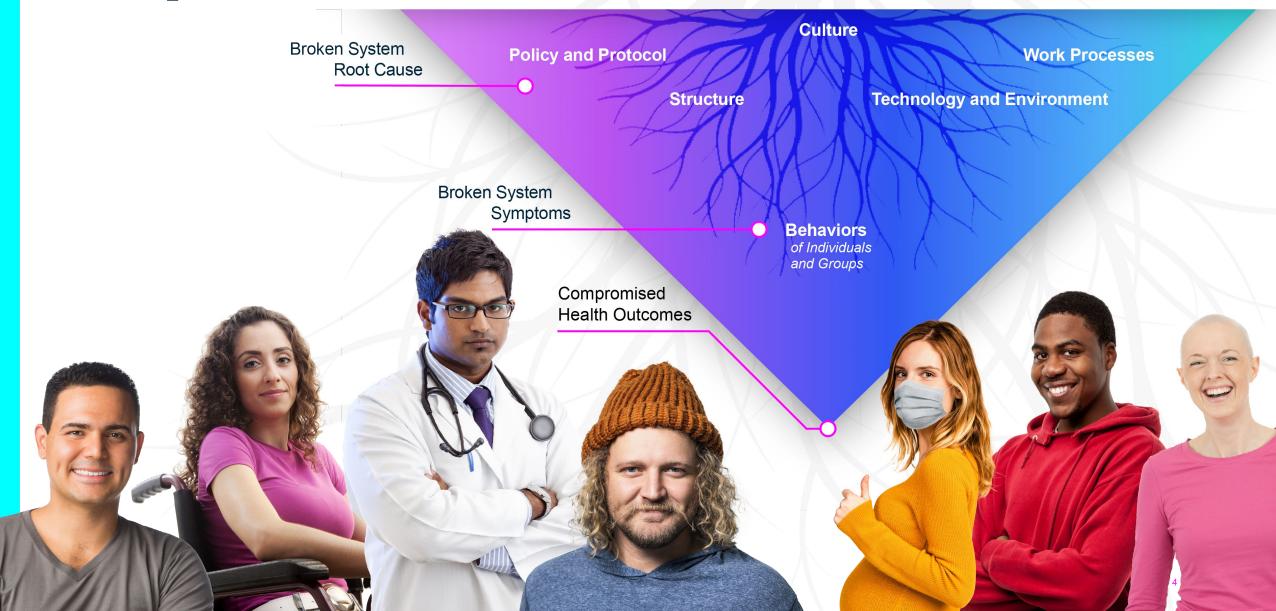
Population management determine work of the day



Patients needs drive appointment

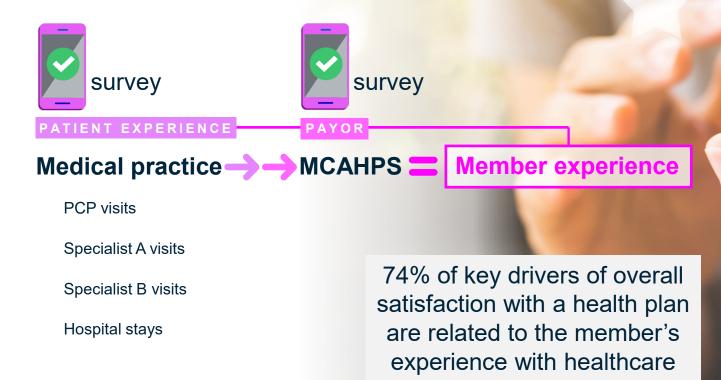
S Care provided by a variety of team members independent of schedule

Sharp-end, blunt-end model



REDEFINING ACCESS TO CARE

How patient experience impacts member experience



as a patient

Redefining

access



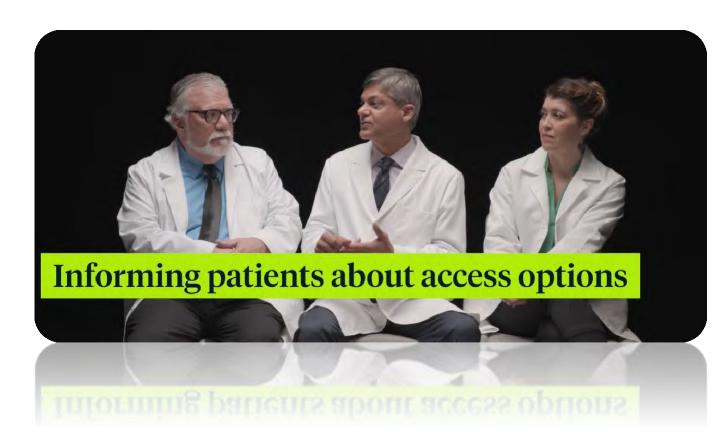
How do you define access to care?

Access to care is more than visits to a clinic

Medication on auto delivery with refills proactively handled	Providers who come to you	Coordinating care as a regular part of visits	Portal communications or phone calls that answer your questions
Electronic data direct to your medical record	Your care team sharing information and having ONE care plan	Diagnostics shared in a timely manner	Community medical workers– for more than just emergencies

Press Ganey Videos (Set Of 12 With Accompanying Handouts)

Short videos demonstrating proven practices



PG RedefiningAccess final.mp4 (sharepoint.com)

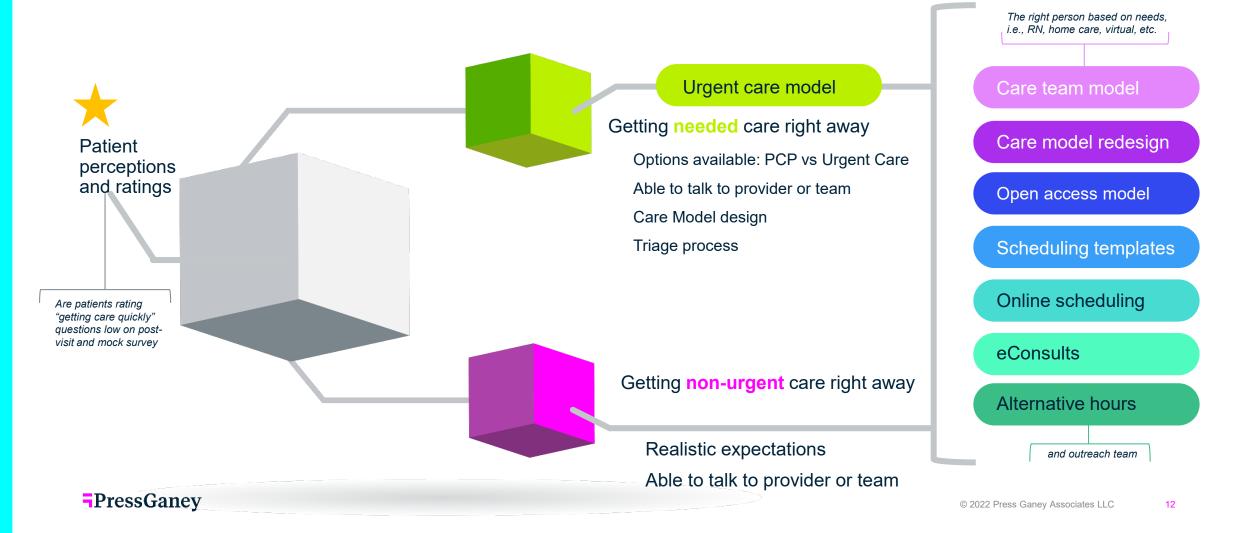
Redefining Access



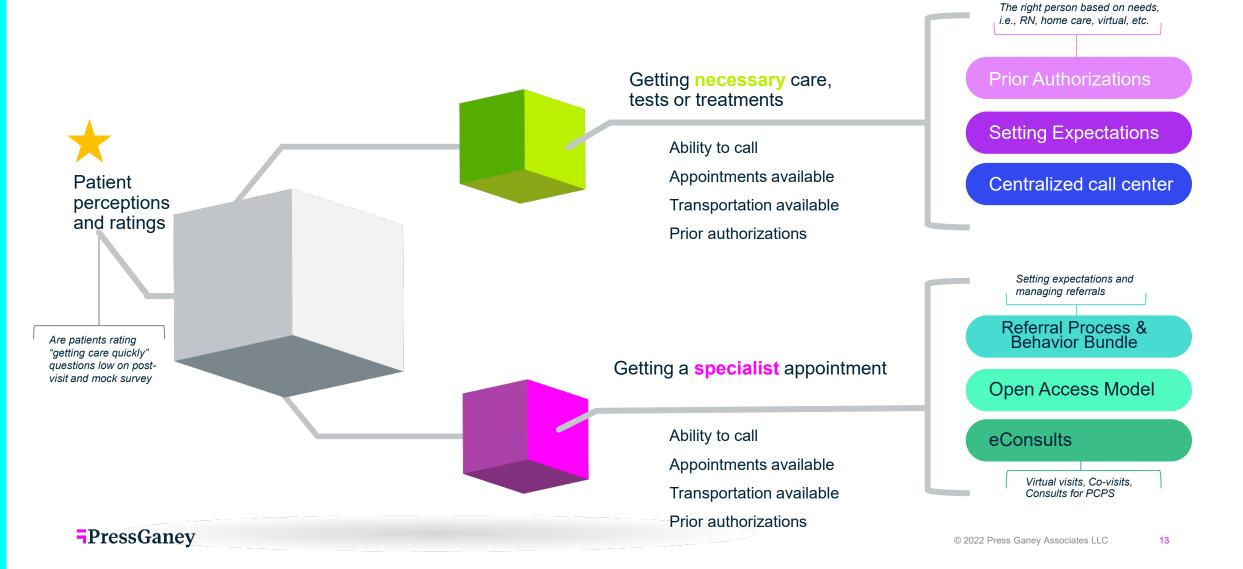
Interventions 3, 2, 1, GO...

What tactics can a medical practice implement to provide access to care?

Determine main area(s) of friction (ask the medical group, review data, discuss observations...)



Inventory existing practices Check for variability in both standard and best practices



Expectations are based on information...

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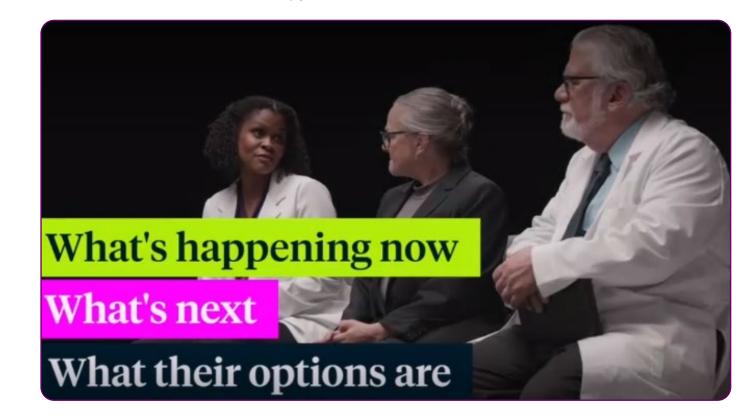
A strong belief that something will happen or be the case in the future



Beliefs are formed by talking to our patients; we need to build conversations into our processes

Watch the "Setting Expectations" video

PG_SetExpectations_final.mp4



PG SetExpectations final.mp4 (sharepoint.com)

PRESS GANEY eLearning Series

The problem is: When we don't provide facts and proactively set expectations, patients will interpret what they see and hear to fil in the gaps. Because this is based on their perceptions, patients may be tailing themselves the wrong story.

> You need to know: Patients expect: • To be heard

 Care team to listen
 Clear explanations and instructions

Updates on their care plan
 Compassionate treatment

Satisfaction equals exceeding

expectations J In uncertain situations, patients want to know: • What's happening now • What's next

 What are their options
 Having information reduces anxiety, improves listening, retention, and engagement

Source: Claxus

★★★★★ Track your progress

Ask the patient about their expectations and how well they are being mot. Explain what is being done to meet expectations weren't met (e.g., I'm acony to be 15 minutes late, but I needed to spend exitra time with an earlier patient.)

Maximize improvements Action items and tactics are intended to improve patient experience, safety, preventive screening, quality indicators and health outcomes.





Here's what you need to do...

Clinicians can reduce anxiety and increase satisfaction by consistently keeping patients informed and managing their expectations. Improve by following these action steps:

Review treatment plans
 (i.e., what to do next, what to do if condition worsens)

Share expected timelines

(i.e., referrals, lab results, test results, follow up)

 Explain care modality (i.e., virtual care, in-office visit)

Teach them when and how to use the patient portal

(i.e., view test results; nenew prescriptions; message providers; online scheduling view health record including allergies; immunizations and manage bills; etc.)
Ensure they know where to seek care

(i.e., doctors office, walk-in clinic, urgent care, emergency roo.

ACCESS TO CARE

Open Access Model

Access Models

Traditional 100% booked

Typical carve-out 50% booked, 50% open

Advanced Access 65% open, 35% booked

Benefit

Combining it with care team model, they can see the best suited provider from care team.

How to's	Benefit		
Simplifying Scheduling			
 Limit schedule to three appointment types – Personal, Team, Unestablished. 	Decreased no-shows and ED visits.		
 Every appointment weighted same on schedule with same time allotment. 			
 Sync all appointments (in person, phone or online) to master calendar. 			
 Keep one provider's schedule open every day. 	Increase Patient Experience with the ability to meet patient needs in real-time.		
 Each provider with open access for 2 evenings per week and other provider with open access for weekends. 	Allows practices to do today's work today and manage true capacity.		
 Schedule appointment with a team, not a specific provider. 	Patient can make same-day appointment for any type of visit		
 Don't schedule after 2:00 pm. 	No time limit on visit – you can spend 5 minutes or 30 minutes with patients.		

The team model

Alternative to traditional 1:1 face-to-face visit connect via portal, phone, telemedicine, home visit

Staff as a team is available to see the patients

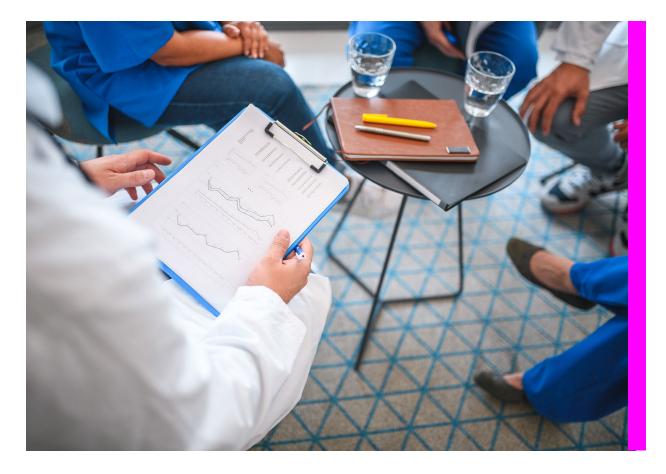
Huddles and pre-visit planning ensure each patient is seen by most appropriate team member Additional resources used across team PharmD, Social Worker, Behavioral Health Coach, Dietician, etc.

Flexible panel size based on type of patients and care model



What innovative tactics can a medical practice implement to provide access to care?

Care innovations





eConsults

clinical decision-making and diagnoses with the help of virtual specialty network.



Remote monitoring

Patients share blood sugar monitoring results on regular cadence with the office (example: every month via portal). Care team reviews results and identifies patients that need to come in. Diabetes, CHF, HTN



Care based on algorithms Patients can be "seen" through portal or over the phone based on algorithm Clearly define to the patient

- when they need to call the doctor,
- when they need to go to urgent care,
 when they need to go to ED

Dedicated staff monitors and addresses portal and telephone messages



Group visits

Nurse run group of 10 patients with similar condition. Educate patient on condition, diet, and signs they need to notice. Research: article 1, article 2, article 3, article 4

Virtual Care Offerings

Telehealth for follow-up visits

- Identify appropriate appointment for telehealth
- Schedule follow-up telehealth as patient leaves the clinic
- Plan for actual time needed with provider
- Use teach back best practices to assure understanding
- Focus on Universal Relationship skills during telehealth visit

Types of visits for Telehealth:

(Some visits combined with physical exam next day)

- PMH, Social HX, Family HX and medication
- Verification for routine physical
- Diagnostic test results
- Outcome of specialty referral
- Follow-up on new medication, BP check, etc.
- Annual Wellness Visit
- ^{1st} pregnancy intake visit
- Pediatric patient milestones
- Prepping for procedure

Interprofessional Visit

- Schedule patient for time with referring physician and have specialist join visit via telehealth
- Both providers work as a care-team to develop the plan-of-care

ACCESS TO CARE

Portal utilization an efficient, effective comunication tool

Effectiveness depends on a systematic process including things like:



Determining **which types of communication to use the portal** and which things need to be done by phoning the office



- Standardizing your processes:
- Enrollment at check-in and -out
- Inbox management
- Triage and Follow-ups
- RX guidance and refills



Direct patients to the portal whenever possible

Imagine the possibilities....

A Day in a Life

Patient A: Biopsy Needed

Patient B: Biopsy Needed

Based on the story:

What could have been done to improve access?

ACCESS TO CARE

Reimagining care – referrals

Dr. Gettinbetter

- No standard referral process
- Inadequate education of patient/family on referral
- No Checklist (documents for PCP/specialist)
- Minimal communication (incoming/outgoing)
- No referral tracking system
- Minimal optimization of digital referral system

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Dr. How

- Schedule referrals and follow ups at the close of patient's appointment
- Establish clear, realistic, patient expectations
- Create a plan, discussing changes before the next appointment
- Designate staff for referral support and follow-up
- Verify patient connections and specialist recommendations
- Maintain updated contact info in insurance directories

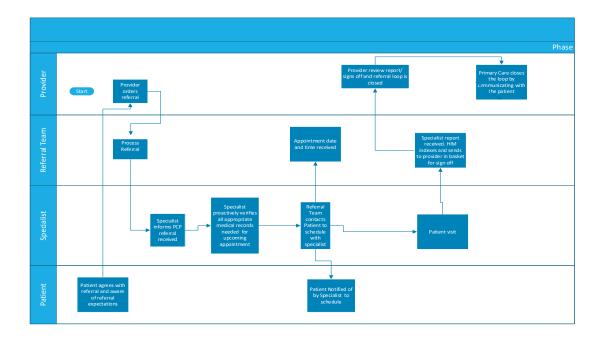
Reimagining Care - referral workflow

Key = Non-value step Value step

Operating Palent val Palent val Upget 100 Upget 100

Dr. Gettinbetter workflow (3-month process)

Dr. How workflow (2.5-week process)



Innovative workflows:

- Opens 3 office visits for Primary Care for patients that really need to be seen face to face
- Eliminates 10 non-value steps, 3 friction points for patient, 5 repeat steps for referral team
- Enhances Patient Centered Care
- Efficient process for Specialist
- PCP informed of all process steps and Specialist recommendations

Recommendation Referral PX bundle



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	Behavior >	>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	< < < < < < <	Process 🖓	 Process design needs to demonstrate that the team is working together.
Do	Discuss Expectations	-referral times -what to do in the meantime		Provide Needed Information	-including what to do if the patient's condition worsens
Demonstrate	I respect you	actively listen learn what matters to you use language you understand	l care about you	l keep you safe	we work together as a team speak up for you stop and resolve in the moment
Measure	PX Survey	The Care Provider showed concern for your questions or worries. gave you explanations about your problem or condition. included you in decisions about your care. discussed proposed treatment (options, risks, benefits, etc.). likelihood of your recommending them to others. concern the nurse/assistant showed for your problem how well the staff worked together to care for you.	support you with empathy explain everything and answer questions	MCAHPS Survey	In the past 6 months how often did your personal doctor explain things in a way that was easy to understand? how often did you get an appointment to see a specialist as soon as you needed what is your rating of the specialist you saw most often.
D			questions		

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warmly greet you

Same day availability



Decrease number of days to third next available appointment to zero days (same day) for Primary Care

Decrease number of days to third next available appointment to two days for Specialty Care

https://www.ihi.org/resources/Pages/Measures/ThirdNextAvailableAppointment.aspx#:~:text=The%20 %22third%20next%20available%22%20appointment,cancellation%20or%20other%20unexpected%2 0event.



Best Practices to Implement Tomorrow

Leaders

- Equip employees with the information to help them set expectations and keep patients informed
- Take inventory of types of visits that can be offered a different way (i.e., telehealth, portal, etc.)
- Establish current and ideal workflow to design a streamlined referral process

Team Members

- Set Expectations with patient by keeping them informed
- Direct patients to portal access, enroll check-in and -out
- Actively engage in developing the ideal workflow process to streamline referral process

Thank You

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Data in black & white, stories in color.